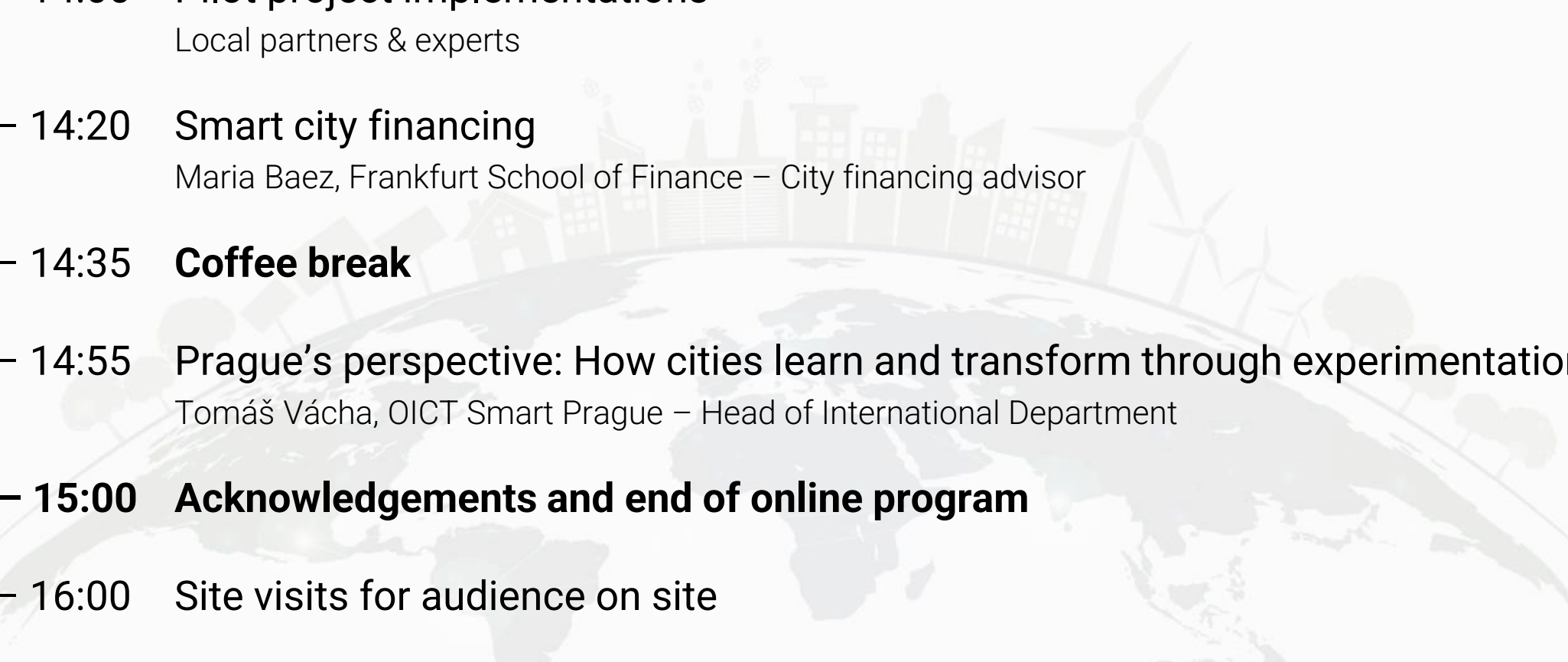


AGENDA – AFTERNOON

- 
- 13:00 – 14:00 Pilot project implementations
Local partners & experts
- 14:00 – 14:20 Smart city financing
Maria Baez, Frankfurt School of Finance – City financing advisor
- 14:20 – 14:35 **Coffee break**
- 14:35 – 14:55 Prague's perspective: How cities learn and transform through experimentation
Tomáš Vácha, OICT Smart Prague – Head of International Department
- 14:55 – 15:00 **Acknowledgements and end of online program**
- 15:00 – 16:00 Site visits for audience on site
- 16:00 – 17:00 **Closure**



PILOT PROJECT KOCHI

Dr Marius Mohr, Dr Debjani Ghosh, Dr Rajan Chedambath

Fraunhofer IGB, C-HED & NIUA



City Lab Kochi – Pilot project presentation

Sustainable Neighborhood
MGI Final Conference 2023



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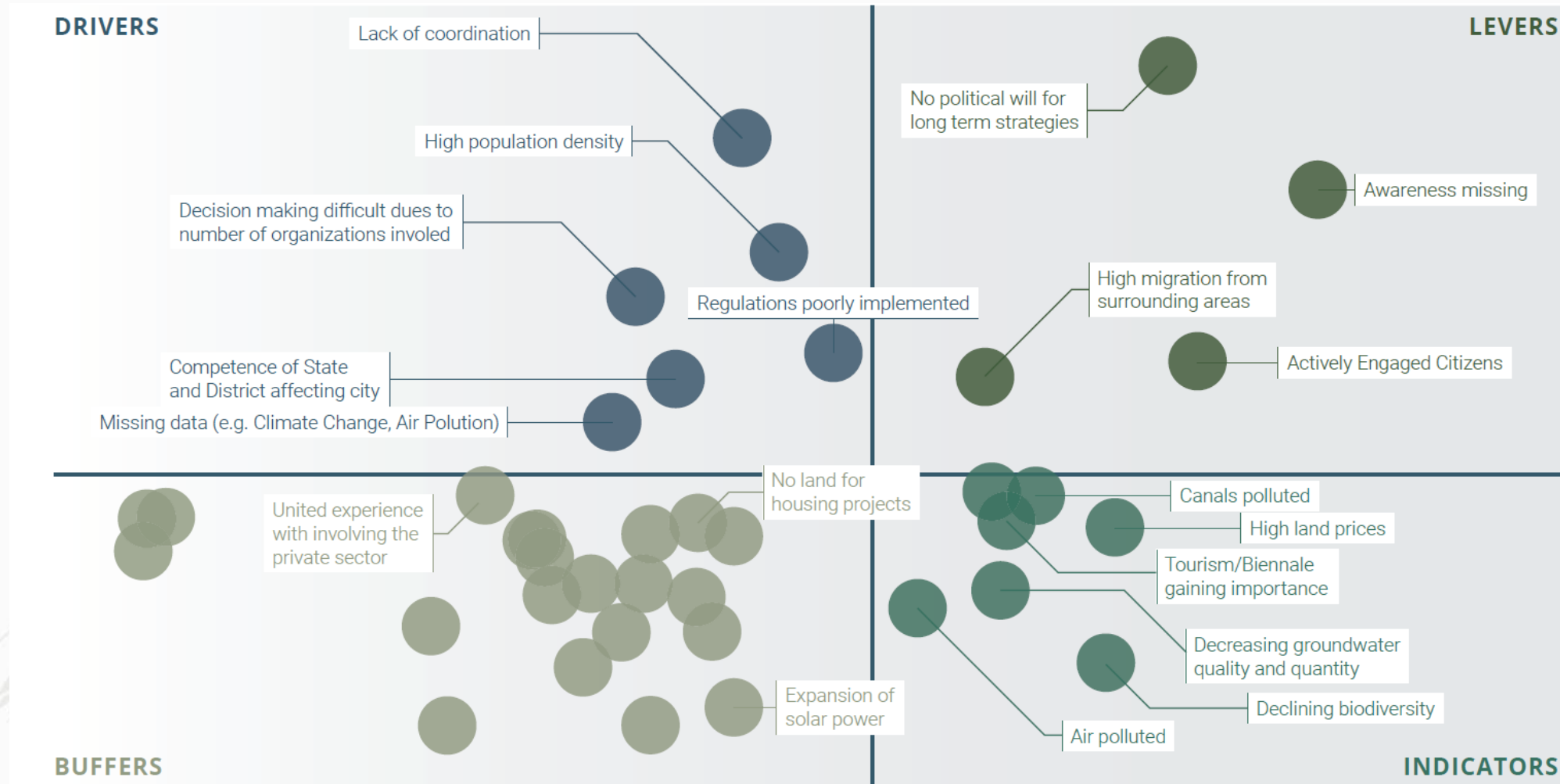
on the basis of a decision
by the German Bundestag

9.5.2023, Dr. Debjani Ghosh, Dr. Rajan Chedambath, Dr. Marius Mohr

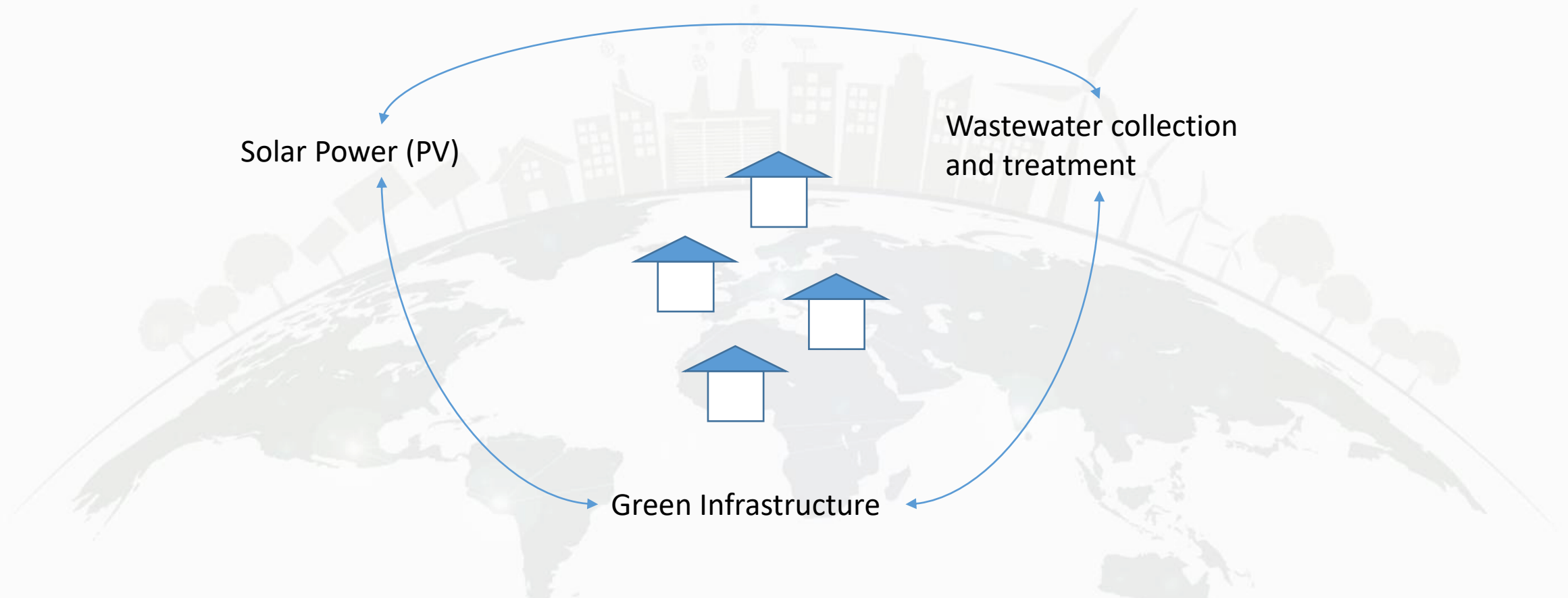
15 Project ideas



Impact Factors – cross-impact analysis



Sustainable Neighbourhood Kochi – integrated infrastructure development



SUSTAINABLE NEIGHBOURHOOD | SITE DETAILS

- 🌿 The project is located in two adjacent wards of North Kochi:
- 🌿 Puthukalavattom (1.14 sqkm)
- 🌿 Elamakkara North (0.98 sqkm)

The area is a mixed-use neighborhood. The project activities include:

- ❖ 15 (number) solar PV installations at residential homes at Elamakkara Ward
- ❖ Green Infrastructure and Nature-based Sewage Treatment Plant at the *Elamakkara Government Higher secondary school* (5357 sqm) of Puthukalavattom ward



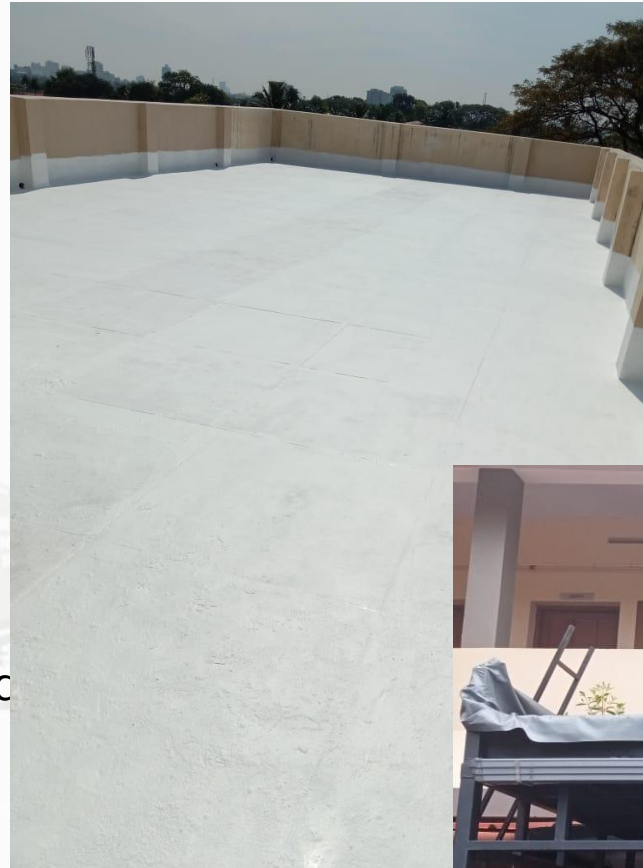
Solar energy

- 🌿 15 On-Grid PV systems of 2 KW capacity each installed on residential buildings in Elamakkara ward
- 🌿 No storage, direct feed into the grid
- 🌿 Monitoring data will be available on homepage of C-HED



Green Infrastructure

- 🌿 Living pavilion with green roof on schoolyard
 - 🌿 Storage of rainwater – less flooding
 - 🌿 Evaporation reduces Urban Heat Island Effect
 - 🌿 Plants bind CO₂ and dust
 - 🌿 Enhancing biodiversity
- 🌿 Cool Roof: light reflecting paint on roof
 - 🌿 Decreasing temperature in building without air conditioning

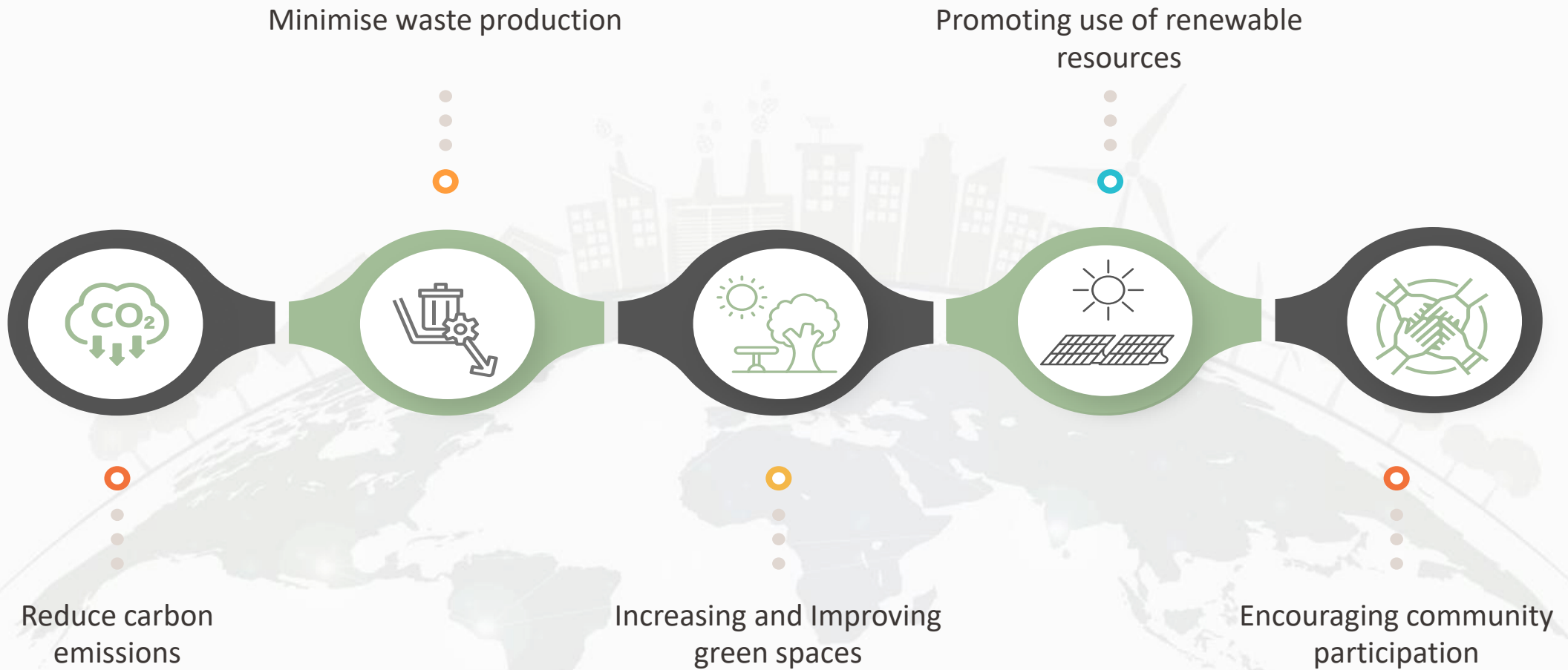


Sewage treatment

- 🌿 Pre-treated sewage from septic tank
- 🌿 Planted Gravel Filter (water flowing underneath the surface) with local plants
- 🌿 Sand and Activated Carbon filter for polishing
- 🌿 Treated water can be used for irrigation
- 🌿 Fence important to prevent contact with untreated water



RELEVANCE OF THE PROJECT



COOPERATION FROM THE CITY

- ❖ The Hon'ble Mayor and the city council are closely engaged with the project, monitoring all the key milestones.
- ❖ Kochi has also been taking an active lead in initiating sustainable projects.
- ❖ The Sustainable Neighborhood project has been incorporated in the Municipal budget.
- ❖ The residents of the selected wards as well as the Parent Teacher Association at the school have been involved since the initial survey stage of the project area which helped them getting to know the project better.
- ❖ Timely stakeholder meetings with the residents' representatives, school authorities, city council members of the division, officials from the Kochi Municipal Corporation etc. were also conducted to involve the citizens and representatives at every step



VISION FOR THE PROJECT

- 🌱 The Sustainable Neighborhood pilot is a part of Kochi's efforts towards sustainable development in all sectors.
- 🌱 The city is now focusing on incorporating various sustainable development projects, including the scaling up of the “sustainable neighborhood” project in the municipal budget of 2023-2024.
- 🌱 The team is also committed towards making this project accessible to all the citizens of Kochi residing in other areas, which provides an opportunity for further developing and scaling up of the project.



CONTACT



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University of Stuttgart
Institute for Human Factors and
Technology Management IAT



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Thank you for your attention!

<http://www.mgi-iki.com/>

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PILOT PROJECT PIURA

Stella Schroeder

University of Piura



City Lab Piura – Pilot project presentation

Transformation of a small illegal dumpsites for recovery and converting into a quality public space using digital planning tools

MGI Final Conference 2023

May 2023, Stella Schroeder



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Pilot project



Problem of solid waste collection, 200 tons of rubbish produced per day, **about 25% of them are not collected.**

In 2021, **14 micro-dumpsites** have been registered. These have become infectious hotspots. **Investment of 400,000 S/year for clean-up.**

Micro-dumpsites are **not considered in the Urban Development Plans.**

Focal point of infection and considered as unsafe / vandalism areas.

Reduction of biodiversity, increase of atmospheric pollution.

Conversion of illegal dumpsite into new green areas for the city

- Improve the problem of micro-dumps, cleaning it, reconverting it and consolidating it as a space for public use.
- To privilege principles of sustainable urban and landscape design as a solution to adapt to climate change.

Demonstration of strategic and digital urban planning (GIS)

- Work with tools that facilitate municipal management in an integrated manner.
- Create a common digitised geo-referenced database to facilitate and optimise work and project planning and to promote interdisciplinary projects and strengthen cooperation between departments.

Promote citizen participation and environmental education.

- Encourage a culture of recycling, promoting a sense of identity, awareness and care for space and the environment.
- To provide tools and the necessary knowledge to activate and empower citizens.

Anchoring, continuity and scaling

- Capacity building: GIS use by the municipality and for citizens with environmental education programmes.
- Stimulate replication of the pilot.

Basic infrastructure and services are the foundation and underpinning of a functional and resilient urban environment.

Habitat II and III include drinking water supply, sanitation, waste management, social welfare, transport and communication facilities, energy, health and emergency services, schools, public safety and open space management as urban basic infrastructure and services sectors.

Urban systems and infrastructure



Energy



Mobility



Construction and public space



Security and well-being



Water and sanitation



Waste

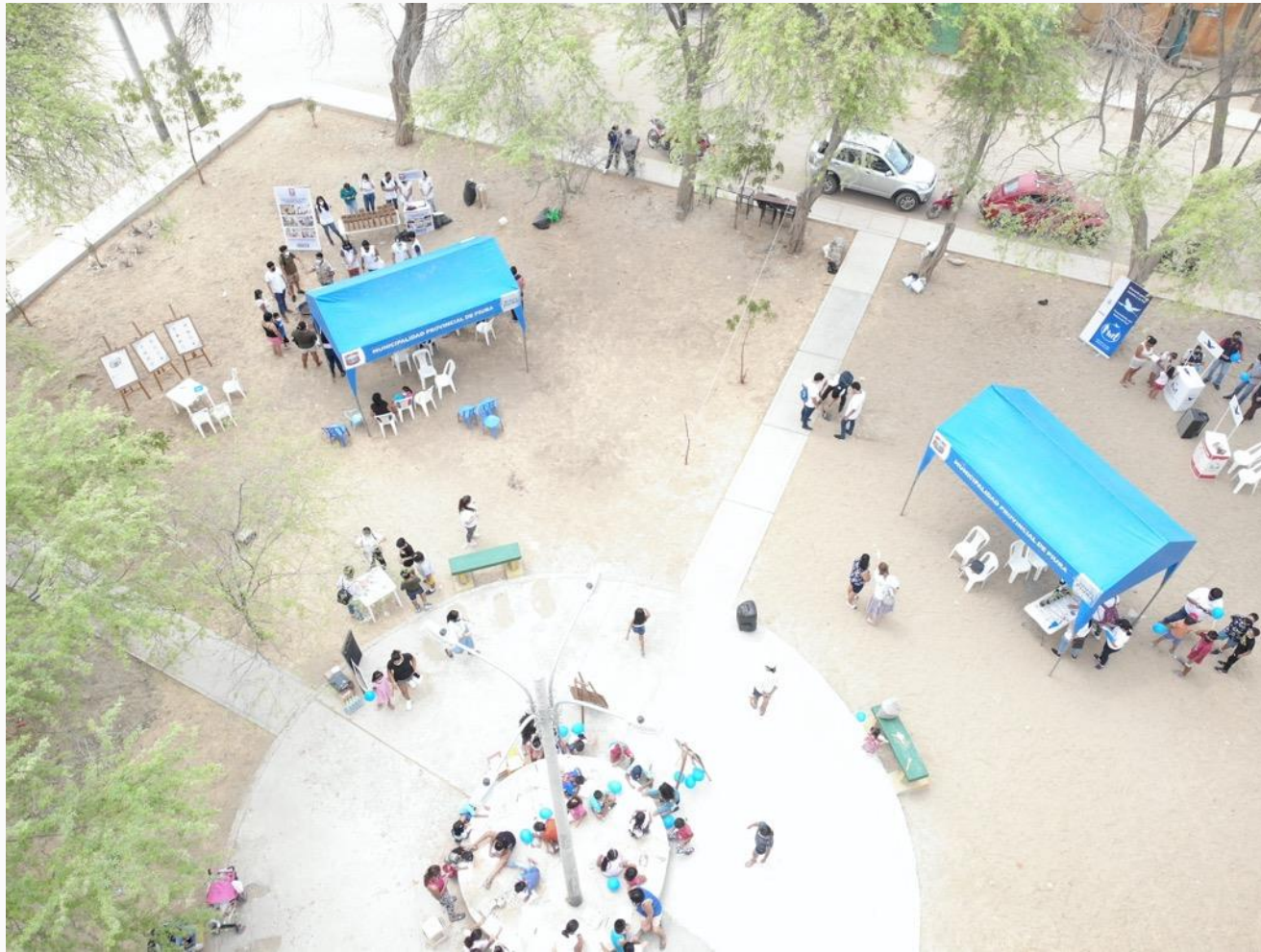


Fuente figura: Fraunhofer IAO; Naciones Unidas

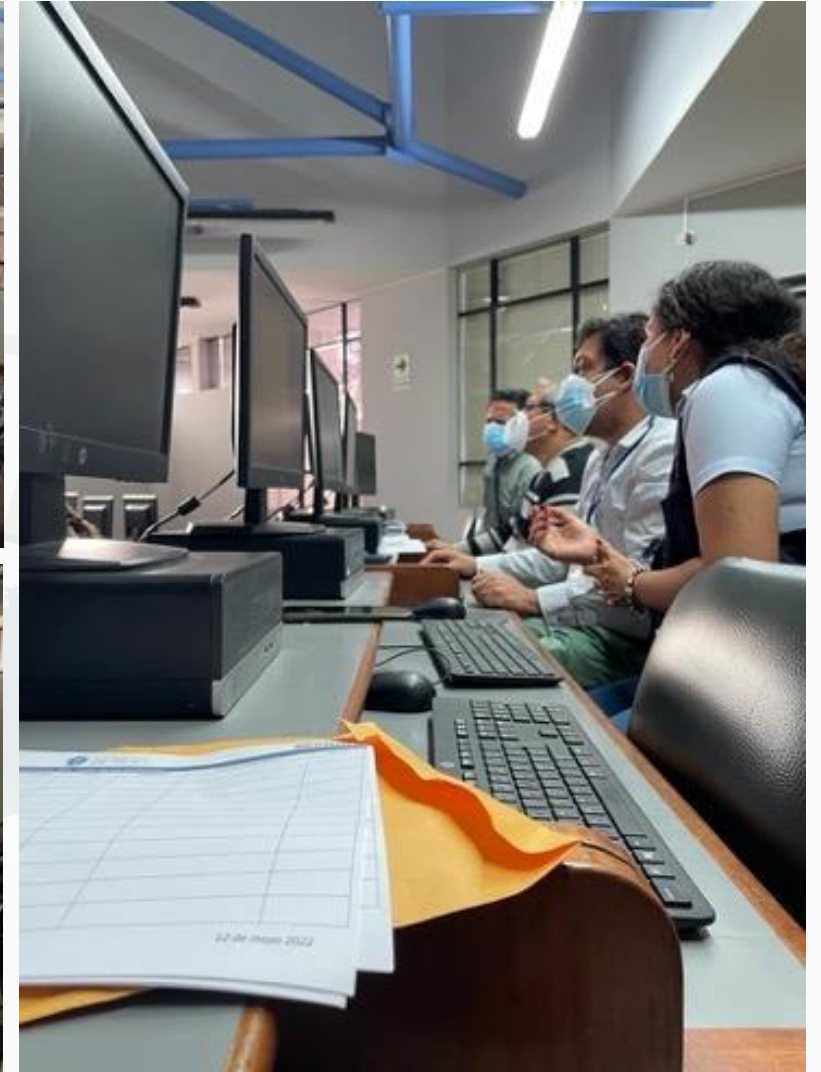
Urban Gardening Festival. March 2022



Urban Gardening Festival. March 2022



Capacity building GIS. May 2022



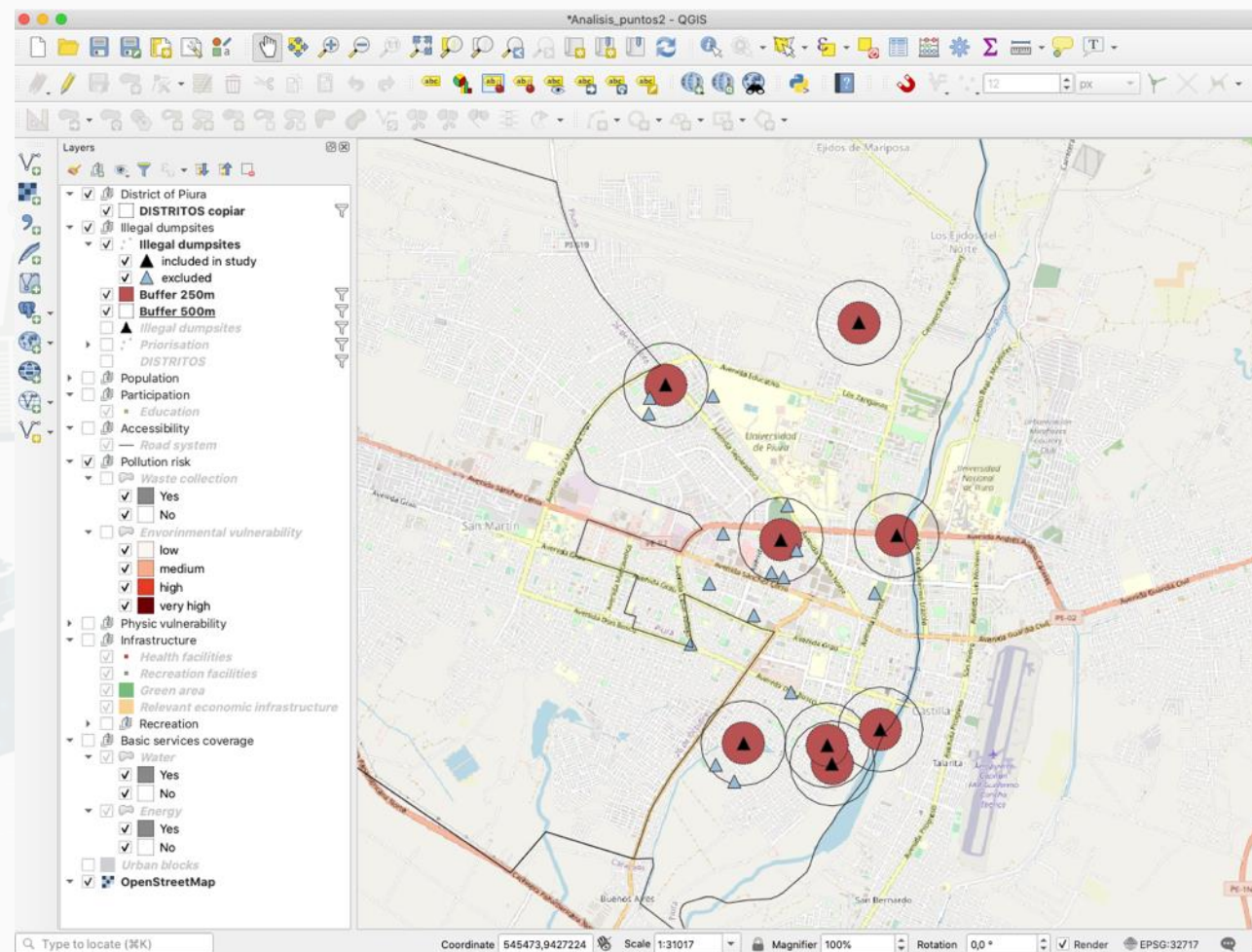
Capacity building Drone. May 2022





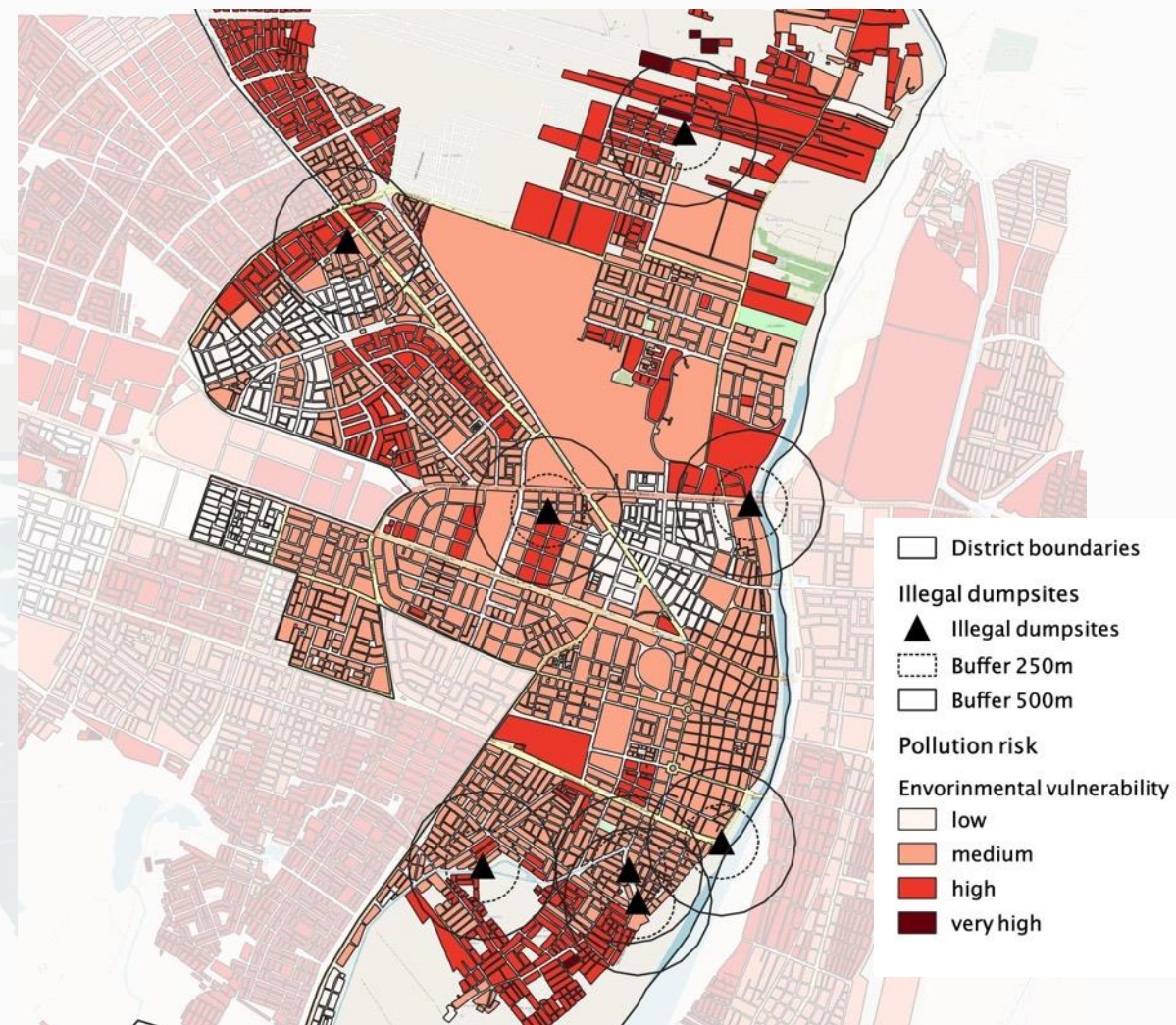
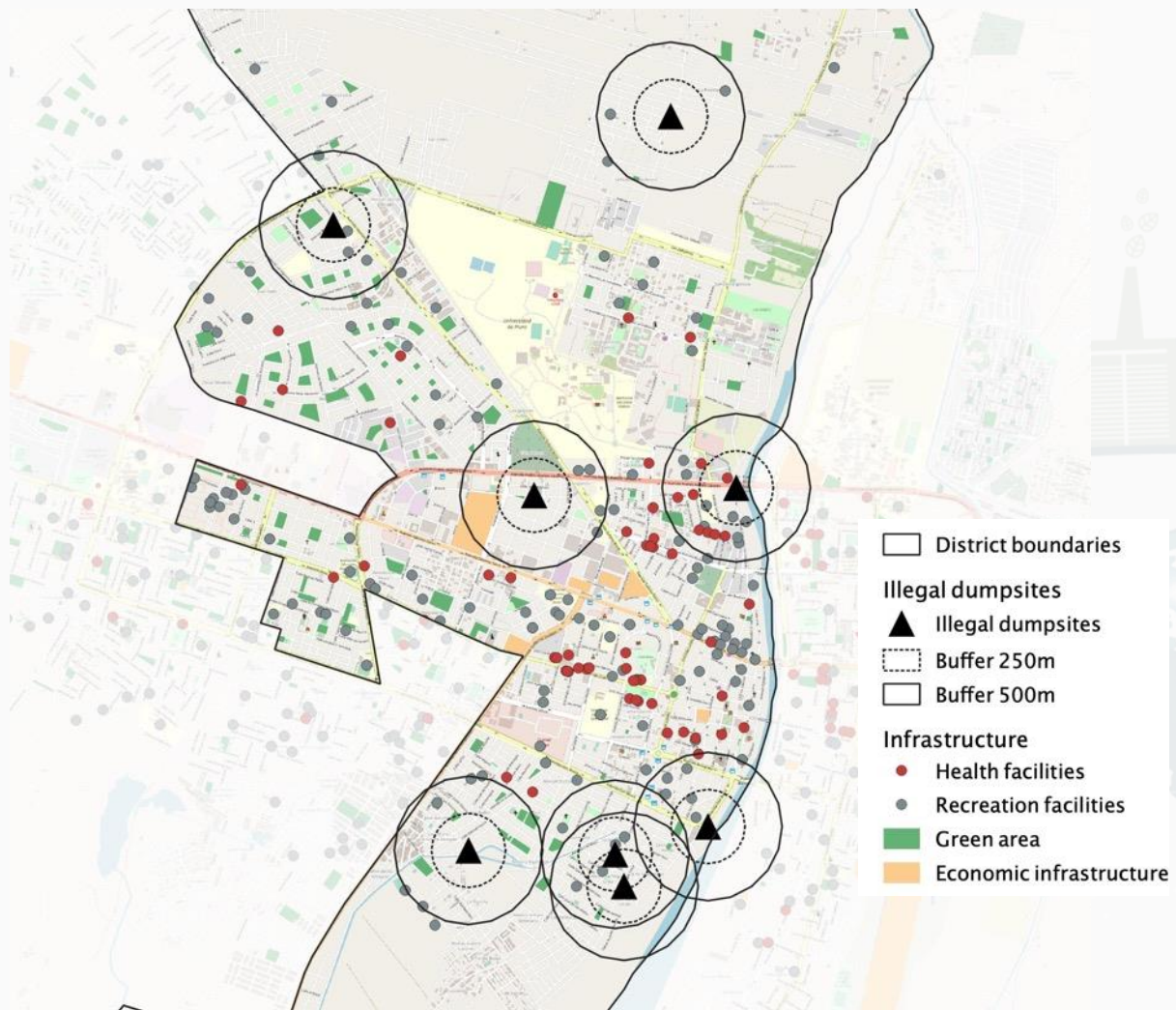
Data base. Evaluation range to evaluate intervention sites

Proposed categories	Specific measure	Radio	Evaluation range		
			1 point	2 points	3 points
Participation	Educational infrastructure	250 m	0–2 units	3–4 units	>5 units
Population	Density	500 m	0–1,500 hab.	1,500–4,000 hab.	>4,000 hab.
Accessibility	Centrality	-	Within the area	-	-
	Road system	-	Local roads	Collector or arterial roads	Intersection of two or more
Pollution risk	Environmental vulnerability	-	Within low-risk zone	Within risk zone	Within high-risk zone
	Waste collection coverage	-	Within waste collection route	-	-
Physic vulnerability	Rain flood risk	-	High rain flood risk	Moderate rain flood risk	Low rain flood risk
	River flood risk	-	High river flood risk	Moderate river flood risk	Low river flood risk
	Blind basins	-	Blind basins are not present	-	-
Infrastructure	Green area	250m	0–5,000 m2	5,000–10,000 m2	>10,000m2
	Recreation facilities	250m	0 units	1–2 units	>3 units
	Health facilities	250m	0 units	1–2 units	>3 units
	Relevant economic infrastructure	500m	0 units	1–2 units	>3 units
Basic services coverage	Water	-	Not connected to the water network	-	Connected to the water network
	Electricity	-	Connected to the energy network	-	Connected to the energy network





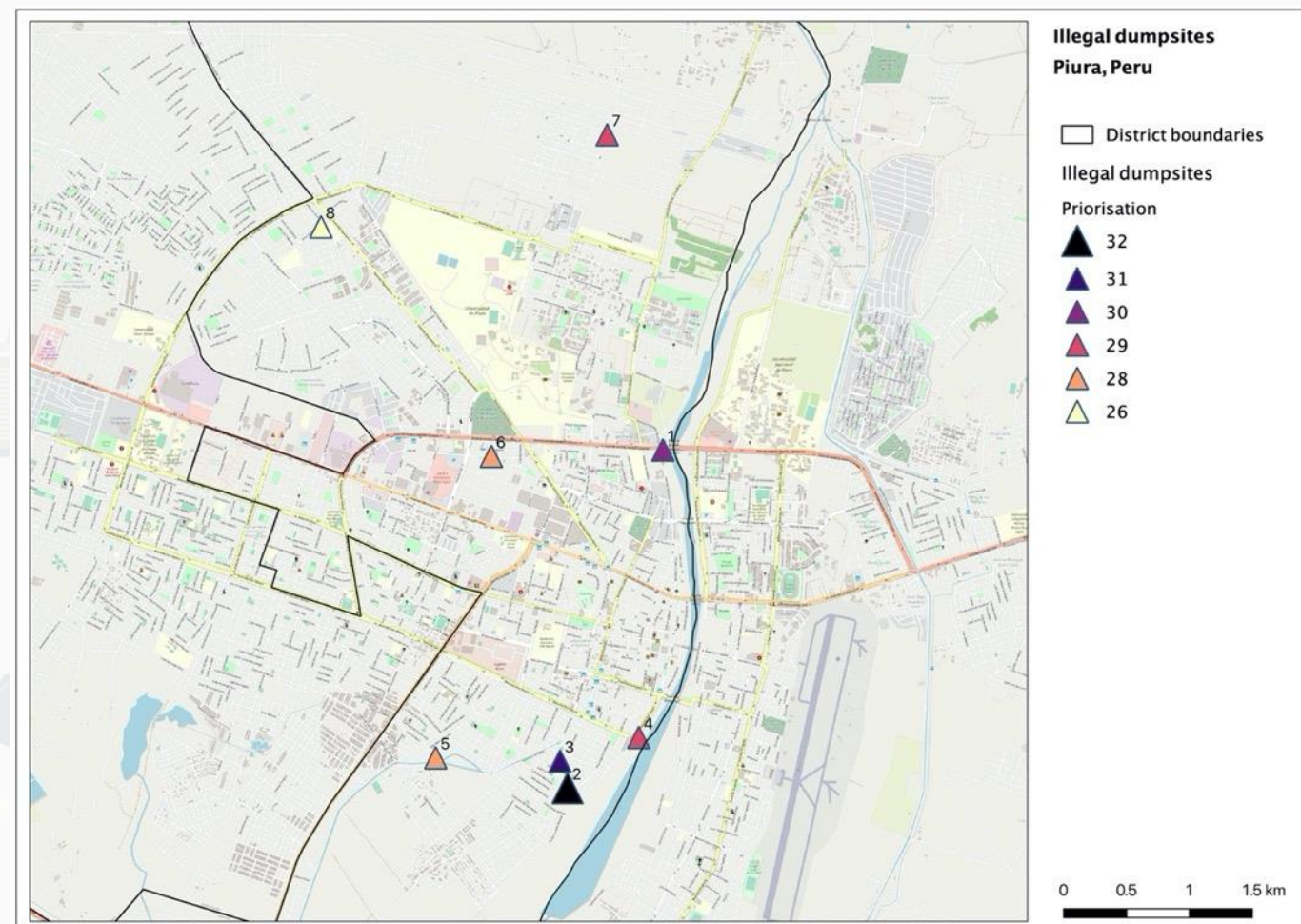
Selection of space according to criteria





Evaluation of the potential sites in Piura. Score per category

Small illegal dump site	Partic.	Pop.	Accessibility		Pollution risk		Physic vulnerability			Infrastructure				Basic services coverage		Scoring
	Educational infrastructure	Density	Centrality	Road system	Environmental vulnerability	Waste collection coverage	Rain flood risk	River flood risk	Blind basins	Green area	Recreation facilities	Health facilities	Relevant economic infrastructure	Water	Electricity	
1	2	1	2	3	1	3	1	1	3	2	1	2	2	3	3	30
2	3	3	2	1	1	3	2	1	3	3	2	1	1	3	3	32
3	2	3	2	1	1	3	2	1	3	3	2	1	1	3	3	31
4	1	1	2	3	1	3	2	1	3	3	2	1	2	1	3	29
5	1	3	2	1	1	3	2	2	1	2	2	1	1	3	3	28
6	1	1	2	1	1	1	2	2	3	2	3	1	2	3	3	28
7	1	1	1	2	1	3	3	2	3	3	1	1	1	3	3	29
8	1	2	1	1	1	3	2	3	3	1	2	1	1	1	3	26





Drainage located in the human settlement 18 de Mayo.



Situation today





Summary of participatory workshops

Recognition of the environment

Workshop with students

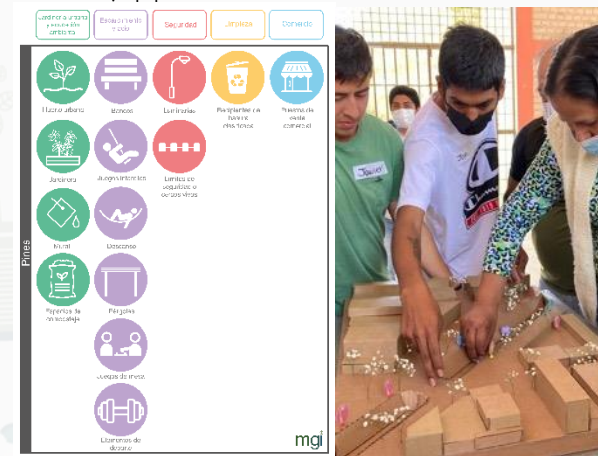


First workshop with



Idea development

Second workshop with



Discussion design

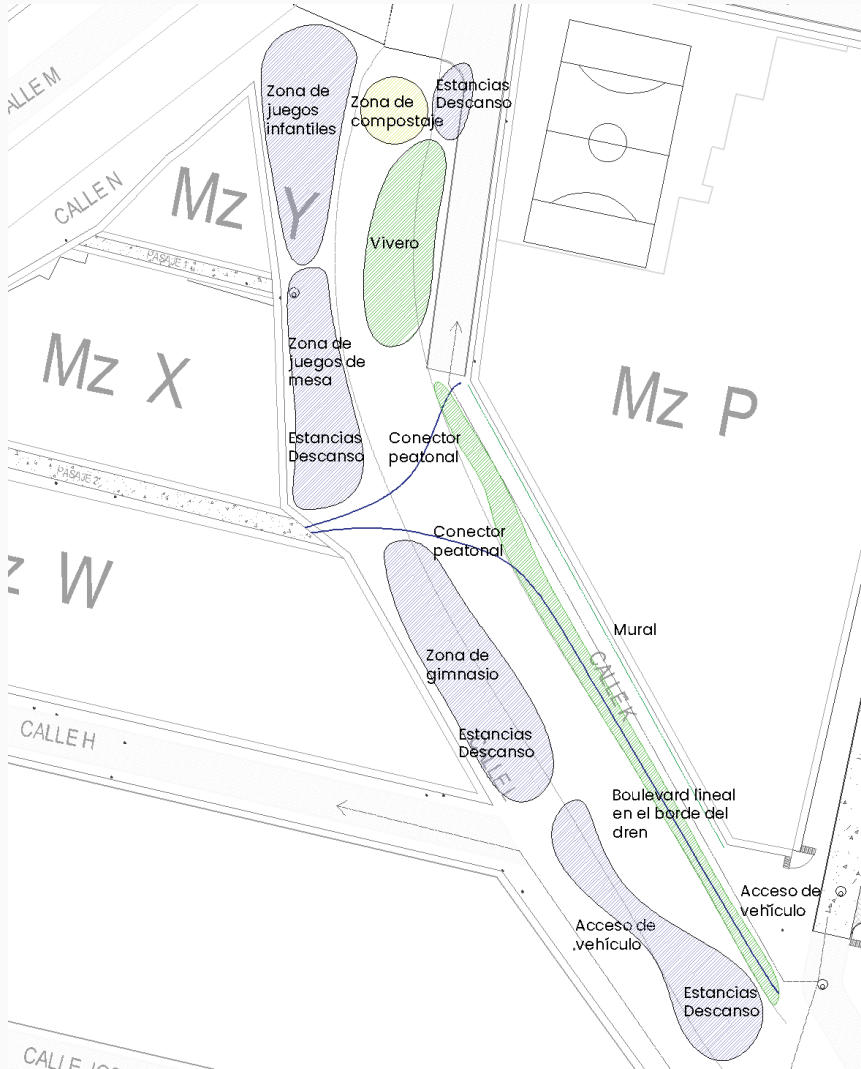
Third workshop with





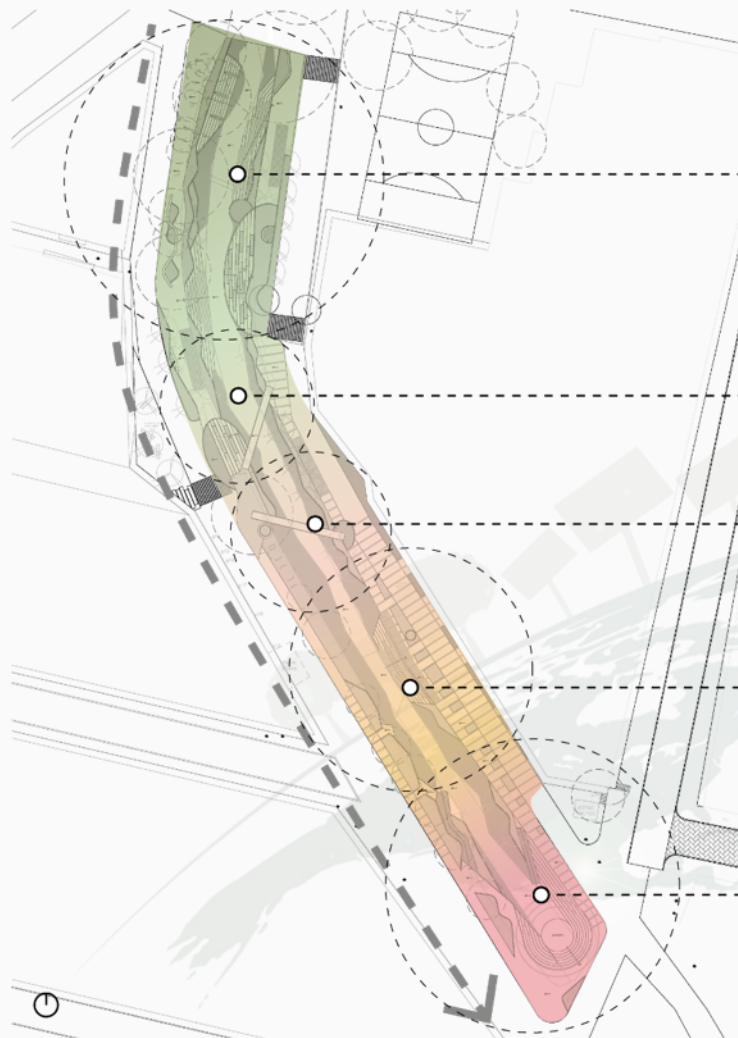


Zoning of the proposal





Stages of the proposal



First stage

Close link to school, community hall and sports hall

Second stage

Connecting element that leads to a nearby point of the school and other collective elements.

Third stage

Connecting element leading to the linear route with a view of murals with environmental quotes.

Fourth stage

Space linked to housing, mural and linear pedestrian route

Fifth stage

Collective space for meeting and welcoming users

Depending on the budget, it could be envisaged to develop up to phase two.



Visualisation of second bridge to the murals.



Visualisation of the first bridge to the school.



Visualisation from the lower part of the drain towards the second bridge.



Visualisation of the gardening area.



Contribution. Social, environmental, economic

PROJECT COMPONENT	CONTRIBUTION	RESULTS (OUTCOMES, SHORT AND MEDIUM TERM)
C1 - Demonstration of strategic and digital urban planning (GIS)	Environmental, economic, social	Demonstration and analysis of the urban space to select the site to implement the project, as an example of sustainable urban planning.
	Economic	Demonstration of an interdisciplinary and inter-managerial project
	Economic	Updated cartographic base in a centralised digital GIS data system in the municipality
	Economic, social	Maps available to the public and citizens Capacity building around the use of a GIS tool and the analysis of spatial data
C2 - Conversion of illegal dumpsite into new green areas for the city	Environmental	New public space / green area
	Environmental, social	Elimination of a micro-dumpsite
	Social, economic	New meeting place
C3 - Events and campaigns to raise the profile of the conversion intervention	Social	Recognition and use of the new public space by citizens
C3 - Events and campaigns to promote recycling	Social	Good habits are promoted
C4 - Anchoring, continuity and scaling	Environmental, social, economic	Reconversion of other micro-dumps in the city
	Environmental	Optimisation of water resources Increased green coverage of the city
	Economic, social	Citizen security
	Economic	Recycling of items from micro-dumpsites



Impact-based project ideas

PLANET:

Improving urban territorial planning and applying concepts of sustainability, resilience, and adaptation to climate change. Minimization on a long-term the impact of natural catastrophes such as FEN and climate change. Identification of elements that cause alterations in the microclimate, so that related data can be gathered to understand and plan the urban ecosystems strategically.

PEOPLE:

Strengthen municipality's capacity to solve the city's problems using a GIS tool that improves urban data, and information efficiency and management. Indirect contribution towards improving other relevant aspects for people, such as health, education and reduction of vulnerability in the long term through strategic urban planning.



Figure Source: Own elaboration



Impact-based project ideas

GOVERNANCE:

Development of an cartographic base in a centralized municipal digital GIS data system, **increasing efficiency and enabling work and data transfer between different departments**, providing a systematic order avoiding overlapping. It **supports the efforts of the national government to foster GIS-based datasets and platforms development**. The **generated maps are available to the public** and citizens to involve the community, empower and raise citizens' interest around actual and new plans and projects in the city.

PROSPERITY:

Cost-effective impact by **saving time, money, and personnel assets** in obtaining data for the creation of projects. It enhances connectivity and supports innovative and environmentally friendly initiatives.



Figure Source: Own elaboration



Impact-based project ideas

PROPAGATION:

Methodology that can be replicated in other districts of the metropolitan area, the region and the country. **The use of GIS tools can be scalable within the districts**, e.g., including other digital platforms such as those utilized by the energy or water companies, or on the provincial level incorporating more data on neighboring districts and extending its area of influence.

Co-benefits

The project includes **capacity-building** activities to develop competencies and skills around digital and strategic urban planning, thus increasing the potential to solve problems and be prepared for the upcoming climate change challenges. In a long-term, it is expected that the use of **GIS will be integrated as university or school subjects**, aiming to create a **spatial understanding** of data-driven organization and development information and fundamental aspects defining project design and implementation organization models.



Figure Source: Own elaboration



Impact of the GIS project in Piura. Overview of the project

AREA	ITEM	INDICATOR	UNIT	REFERENCE VALUE	SOURCE
1. AM (Action mitigation)	1.1.	City green coverage per capita	m2/inhab.	1,20	MINAM / WHO
	1.2.	Percentage of micro-landfills around a 500m radius in the urban area of the district	%	0,51	Municipalidad Provincial de Piura / Mapping
	1.3.	Soil: Land consumption rate in relation to population growth rate	coeficiente	1,64	WWF - Periferi Perú
	1.4.	Air: Air quality		-	DIGESA / SENAMHI / MINAM / DIRESA / MPP
	1.5.	Household waste per day	tons/day	220,74	MINAM
	1,6	Plastic waste per capita	kg/inhab/day	0,15	MINAM
	1,7	Organic waste	kg/inhab/day	0,24	MINAM
	1,8	Total household waste generation	kg/inhab/day	0,60	MINAM
	1,9	Coverage of urban collection service	%	95,00	MINAM / SIGERSOL
2. AP (Action People)	2.1.	Number of people accessing the project within a 500m radius	unit	13505,00	Mapping
	2.2.	Percentage of green area planted	%	Depend on the design area	Mapeo satelital
	2.3.	Reduction of area polluted by solid waste	%		Municipalidad Provincial de Piura
	2.4.	Percentage of thermal comfort areas by existing green infrastructure	%	Depend on the design area	Mapping
3. Governance	3.1.	Reduction of municipal spending on solid waste management	%		Municipalidad Provincial de Piura
	3.2.	Reduction of energy expenditure for street lighting through the implementation of solar energy.	unit		Municipalidad Provincial de Piura
4. Prosperity	4.1.	Reducción del gasto municipal destinado a manejo de residuos solidos	%		Municipalidad Provincial de Piura
	4.2.	Reducción del gasto energético por alumbrado público a partir de la implementación de la energía solar	%		Municipalidad Provincial de Piura
5. Propagation	5.1.	Points with potential for replicability	unit	23,00	Municipalidad Provincial de Piura
	5.2.	Increasing green infrastructure	%		Municipalidad Provincial de Piura

First Stone Activity 15-04-23





What is the vision for the city after this pilot implementation? What comes next and which things are emerging thanks to the MGI project?

World could face record temperatures in 2023 as El Nino returns

El Nino, Climate Change To Breach World's New Average Temperature Record In 2023? Here's What Experts Say

El nino is characterised by a slow down of the winds blowing west along the equator and warm water being pushed east which creates warmer surface ocean temperatures.

By: [ABP News Bureau](#) | Updated at : 20 Apr 2023 03:15 PM (IST)

FOLLOW US:  

Apr 19, 2023 - Energy & Environment

Rapidly developing El Niño set to boost global warming



Andrew Freedman, author of [Axios Generate](#)

Senamhi prevé presencia de El Niño global a partir de octubre de este año

Fenómeno El Niño global de mediana a fuertes intensidad afectará toda la costa del Pacífico desde este año y se podría extender hasta inicios del 2024.



El Niño global afectará toda la costa del Pacífico, según el Senamhi. Su presencia llegaría al Perú a partir de octubre y podría extenderse hasta inicios del 2024. (Foto: Andina)

¿Qué es el Niño global y por qué Perú sería de los países más afectados?

El Niño costero llegará a suelo peruano entre abril y mayo de este año. Mientras que el Niño global en diciembre de 2023 y enero de 2024, señaló la presidenta Dina Boluarte. ¿Estamos preparados?

PUBLICIDAD



Future steps for Piura



Meetings with Ministry of Housing
Peru



Coordination with Geo Portal for future planning
activities

Guide for future project
financing and funding

CONTACT



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University of Piura
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PILOT PROJECT SALTILLO

Gabriela de Valle, Carmina Villarreal, Dr Eduardo Santillán

IMPLAN & Tec de Monterrey



City Lab Saltillo – Pilot project presentation

Restoration and integration of Blue-green infrastructure

MGI Final Conference 2023

May 9th, 2023



University of Stuttgart
Institute for Human Factors and
Technology Management IAT



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INSTITUTO MUNICIPAL
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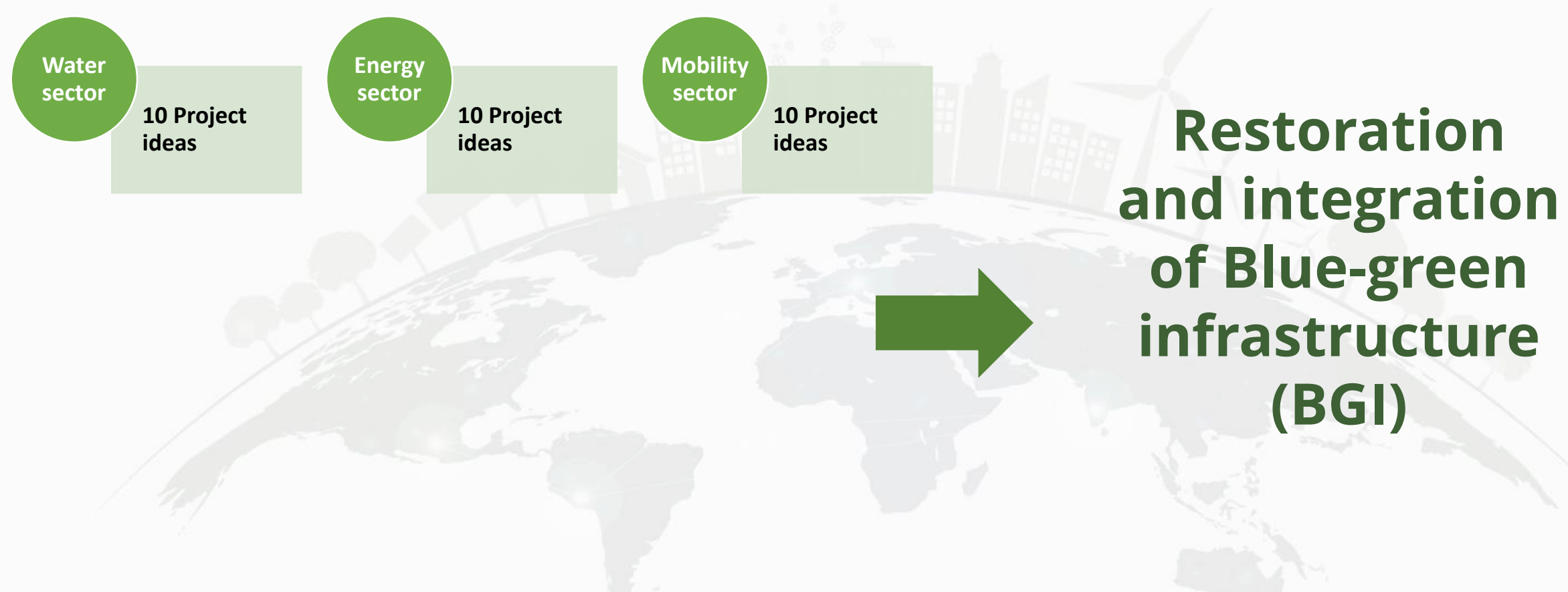
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for Economic Affairs
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PRIORITIZATION AND SELECTION OF PILOT PROJECT



Integral Cooperation

ALCALDE

Obras
Públicas

Dirección
Medio
Ambiente

IMPLAN

Desarrollo
Social

Private
Companies

Sociedad
Civil

LOCATION AND SITE CHARACTERISTICS



PUBLIC SPACE IN BRISAS NEIGHBOURHOOD



ABOUT SITE'S PROBLEMS



- **Floodings due to heavy rains.**
- **Infrastructure damages and neighbours complaints.**
- **Accessibility problems to the neighbourhood when flooded.**
- **Lack of quality public spaces and green permeable areas.**

ABOUT SITE'S PROBLEMS



ABOUT SITE'S PROBLEMS



PILOT PROJECT SELECTED

Restoration and integration of Blue-green infrastructure (BGI)

Vegetation



Infiltration basin



Rain garden



Impermeable pavement



Project Objective:

Restore and integrate Blue-Green Infrastructure into the urban space in Saltillo, as a mitigation and adaptation measure for climate change and for a sustainable urban development.

PILOT PROJECT SELECTED

Restoration and integration of Blue-green infrastructure (BGI)



Expected Benefits:

- Better green public space
- Better urban trees
- Improve permeable area = sponge effect
- Retention and captation the stormwater and rainwater
- Improve the water infiltration to the ground (Aquifer recharge)
- Reduce pluvial flood in the area

Why is this pilot relevant for the city?



Environmental

Increased infiltration to the aquifer
More and better green area



Economical

Solution to the flooding problema, and more resources for the project.



Social

Avoid risk and flooding of home and road.
Recreational and social space.

VIDEO

Next steps: Monitoring

Neighborhood committee

- **training**
- **institutional linkage**

Quantification of hydrological impact

- ***Ongoing review of flooding and housing damage***

Definition
of
purpose
and
indicators

01

Monitoring
and
recollection
data process

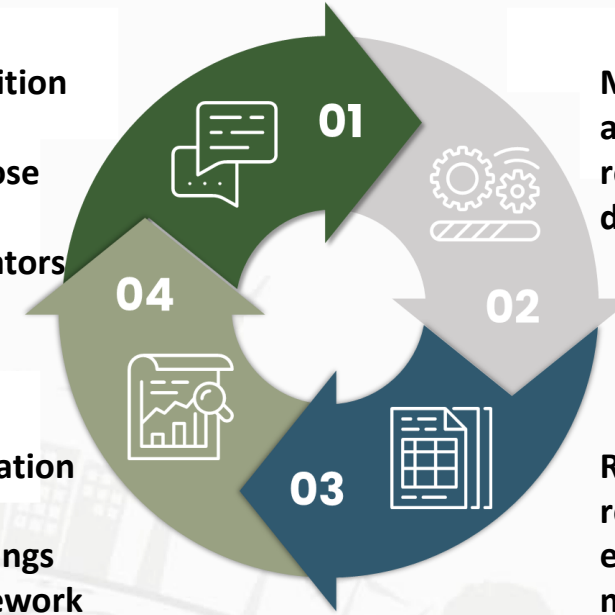
02

Rolls and
responsabiliti
es for
monitoring

03

Evaluation
and
learnings
framework

04



Vision of Saltillo



THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION



M.Sc. Catalina Diaz
City Lab leader



M.Sc. Gabriela de Valle
City Lab local leader



M.Sc. Carmina Villarreal
City Lab local leader support



Dr. Eduardo Santillán
Local academic expert



University of Stuttgart
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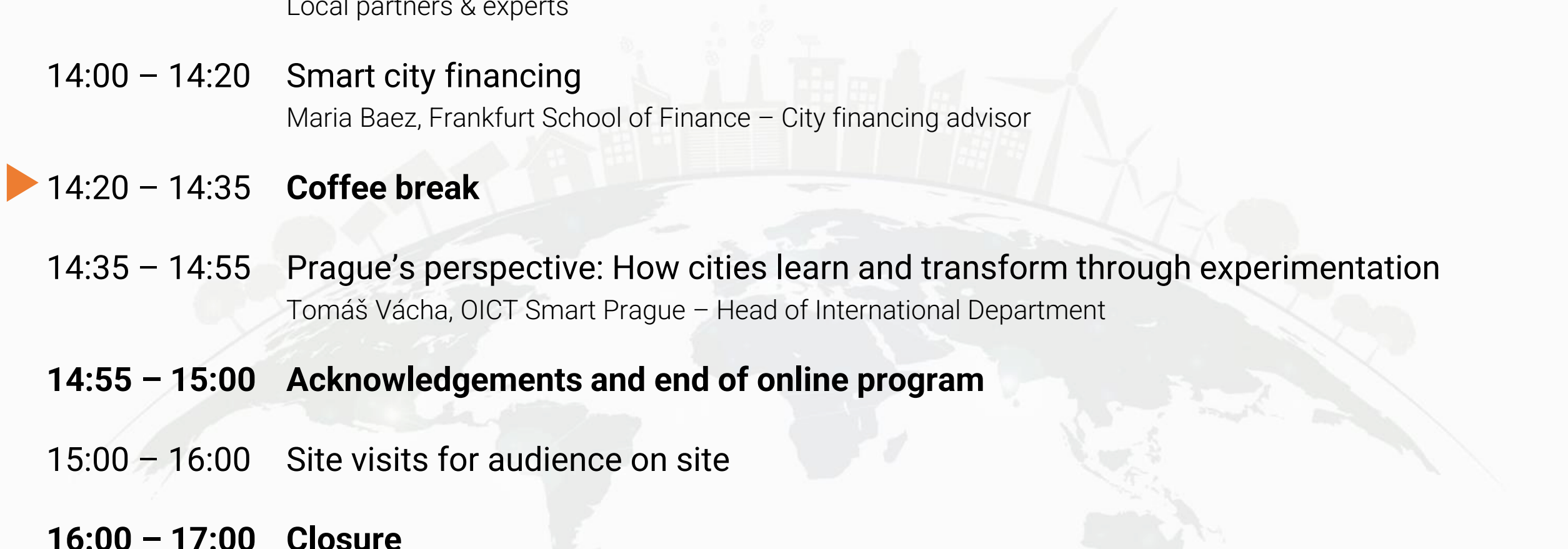
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